Relay Shield V2.0

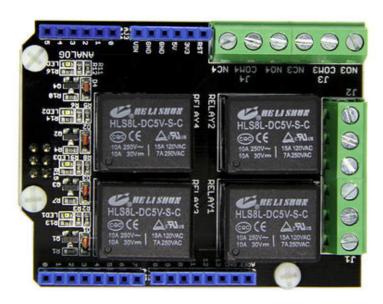
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Introduction

The Relay Shield utilizes four high quality relays and provides NO/NC interfaces that control the load of high current. Which means it could be a nice solution for controlling devices that couldn't be directly controlled by Arduino's Digital I/Os. Standardized shield form factor enables smoothly connection with the Arduino. The shield also has four dynamic indicators show the on/off state of each relay. **Model:** SLD01101P (http://www.seeedstudio.com/depot/relay-shield-v20-p-1376.html?cPath=132 134)



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Feature

- Arduino/Seeeduino compatible
- Standardized shape design
- Working status indicators for each relay
- High quality relays
- Provides NO/NC interfaces

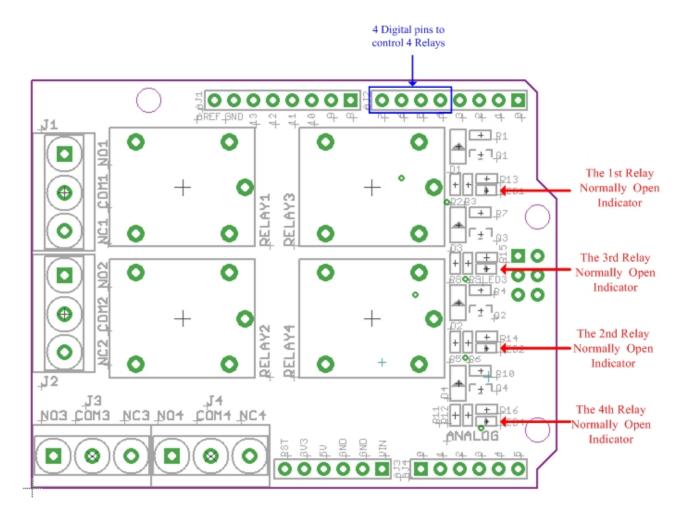
Specification

Item	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Voltage	4.75	5	5.25	VDC
Current	8	/	250	mA
Switching Voltage	/	/	35	VDC
Switching Current	/	/	8	A
Frequency	/	1	/	HZ
Switching Power	/	/	70	W
Relay Life	100,000	/	/	Cycle
ESD contact discharge	±4			KV
ESD air discharge	±8			/
Dimension	68.7X53.5X30.8			mm
Net Weight	55±2			g

Cautions

Place 2 layers of electrical tape on the top of the Arduino's usb connector. This will prevent the relay shield from making contact. Do not operate voltage more than 35V DC.

Interface Function



J1 Interface:

COM1- Common pin

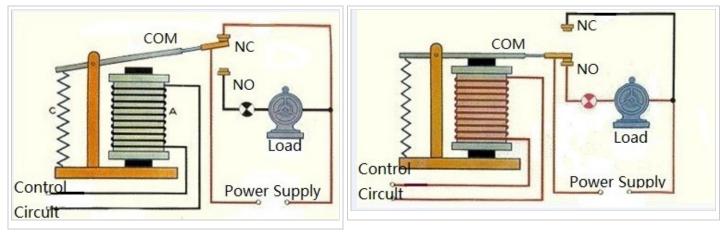
NC1- Normally Closed. Will be connected with COM1 when RELAY1 pin is set low and disconnected when RELAY1 is high; NO1- Normally Open. Will be connected with COM1 when RELAY 1 pin is set high and disconnected when RELAY1 is low; J2-4 Interface are similar to J1 interface, except that the control ports are RELAY2-RELAY4.

4 Digital Pins to control 4 Relays: RELAY1-RELAY4 pins could be connected directly with Arduino pin number of 7-4, so that four relays could be easily controlled by the Arduino

Usage

The relay have some practical application. For example: low-voltage control of high voltage; remote control; anti-hearing alarm, automatic temperature alarm; incubators and so on. Application schematic is shown below:

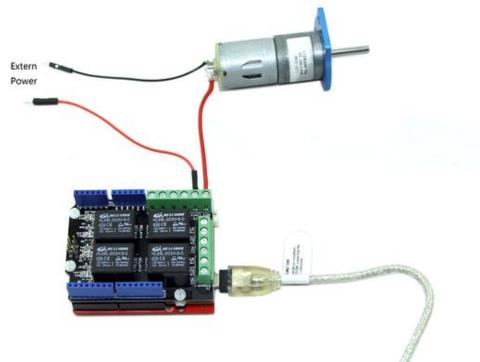
3/19/2014



Here we will show you how to use the Relay Shield to control a DC motor.

1. Stack the Relay Shield onto Arduino. And connect Arduino to PC using a USB cable.

2. Connect the DC Motor and Relay Shield as shown below. Use Relay 3 to control the motor. Hardware installation as shown below.



Note: We use a lithium battery as the power supply for the motor. Users can select other power sources as well. Of course, a power adapter will be essential when using high-current devices. 3. Restart the Arduino IDE. Copy the following code.

```
int MotorControl = 5; // Arduino Pin to control the motor
// the setup routine runs once when you press reset:
void setup() {
    // declare pin 5 to be an output:
    pinMode(MotorControl, OUTPUT);
}
// the loop routine runs over and over again forever:
void loop() {
    digitalWrite(MotorControl,HIGH);// NO3 and COM3 Connected;
    delay(1000);
    digitalWrite(MotorControl,LOW);// NO3 and COM3 Disconnected;
    delay(1000);
```

}

When Digital 5 set high, NO3 will be connected with COM3. The motor will work and the 3rd Relay Normally Open Indicator will be lit. Otherwise, Digital 5 set low, NC3 will be connected with COM3. The motor will not work and the 3rd Relay Normally Open Indicator will be off.

Resource

Relay Shield Eagle File (http://www.seeedstudio.com/wiki/File:Relay_Shield_eagle.zip)

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- This page was last modified on 1 August 2013, at 09:09.
- This page has been accessed 21,218 times.